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- (ii) Effective October 1, 2005, a change to the wage index may be made retroactively to the beginning of the Federal fiscal year, if, for the fiscal year in question, CMS determines all of the following—
- (A) The fiscal intermediary or CMS made an error in tabulating data used for the wage index calculation;
- (B) The hospital knew about the error in its wage data and requested the fiscal intermediary and CMS to correct the error both within the established schedule for requesting corrections to the wage data (which is at least before the beginning of the fiscal year for the applicable update to the hospital inpatient prospective payment system) and using the established process: and
- (C) CMS agreed before October 1 that the fiscal intermediary or CMS made an error in tabulating the hospital's wage data and the wage index should be corrected.
- (1) Judicial decision. If a judicial decision reverses a CMS denial of a hospital's wage data revision request, CMS pays the hospital by applying a revised wage index that reflects the revised wage data as if CMS's decision had been favorable rather than unfavorable.
- (m) Adjusting the wage index to account for the Frontier State floor—(1) General criteria. For discharges occurring on or after October 1, 2010, CMS adjusts the hospital wage index for hospitals located in qualifying States to recognize the wage index floor established for frontier States. A qualifying frontier State meets both of the following criteria:
- (i) At least 50 percent of counties located within the State have a reported population density less than 6 persons per square mile.
- (ii) The State does not receive a nonlabor-related share adjustment determined by the Secretary to take into account the unique circumstances of hospitals located in Alaska and Hawaii.
- (2) Amount of wage index adjustment. A hospital located in a qualifying State will receive a wage index value not less than 1.00.
- (3) Process for determining and posting wage index adjustments. (i) CMS uses the most recent Population Estimate

data published by the U.S. Census Bureau to determine county definitions and population density. This analysis will be periodically revised, such as for updates to the decennial census data.

(ii) CMS will include a listing of qualifying frontier States and denote the hospitals receiving a wage index increase attributable to this provision in its annual updates to the hospital inpatient prospective payment system published in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

[69 FR 49242, Aug. 11, 2004, as amended at 70 FR 47485, Aug. 12, 2005; 71 FR 48137, Aug. 18, 2006; 72 FR 47410, Aug. 22, 2007; 73 FR 48754, Aug. 19, 2008; 74 FR 43997, Aug. 27, 2009; 75 FR 44563, July 28, 2010; 75 FR 50413, Aug. 16, 2010; 76 FR 51782, Aug. 18, 2011; 77 FR 53673, Aug. 31, 2012; 77 FR 54146, Sept. 4, 2012; 78 FR 50965, Aug. 19, 2013; 79 FR 50352, Aug. 22, 2014]

Subpart E—Determination of Transition Period Payment Rates for the Prospective Payment System for Inpatient Operating Costs

§412.70 General description.

For discharges occurring on or after April 1, 1988, and before October 1, 1996, payments to a hospital are based on the greater of the national average standardized amount or the sum of 85 percent of the national average standardized amount and 15 percent of the average standardized amount for the region in which the hospital is located.

 $[57~{\rm FR}~39822,~{\rm Sept.}~1,~1992,~{\rm as}~{\rm amended}~{\rm at}~58~{\rm FR}~46338,~{\rm Sept.}~1,~1993]$

§ 412.71 Determination of base-year inpatient operating costs.

- (a) Base-year costs. (1) For each hospital, the intermediary will estimate the hospital's Medicare Part A allowable inpatient operating costs, as described in §412.2(c), for the 12-month or longer cost reporting period ending on or after September 30, 1982 and before September 30, 1983.
- (2) If the hospital's last cost reporting period ending before September 30, 1983 is for less than 12 months, the base period will be the hospital's most recent 12-month or longer cost reporting